BORNEO
AUGUST 12–30, 2016

LEADER: MACHIEL VALKENBURG
LIST COMPILED BY: MACHIEL VALKENBURG

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Most of our group arrived early in Kota Kinabalu before the tour began, giving them time to relax from their long travels to this magnificent island. The first two nights were spent at the lavish Shangri La Tanjung Aru Beach Hotel. Around the grounds of this superb resort, our first birding was done amidst great tropical scenery. Common birds like Zebra Dove, Oriental Magpie-Robin, White-breasted Woodswallow, and Striated Heron were found easily, and the Sunda Pygmy-Woodpecker was wonderfully seen by Bert and Heike. Our first outing together started early, as did most days on this tour, with a visit to the coastal wetlands near Kota Belud. In the rice fields, Intermediate, Little, and Cattle egrets were very common, together with the gorgeously-colored Javan Pond-Heron. In the top of some bushes we found small groups with Scaly-breasted and Chestnut munias showing well, and a White-breasted Waterhen paraded past us giving excellent looks. Large fields of reed and swamp proved very interesting, as we birded them for over two hours, obtaining excellent looks at Yellow Bittern and Cinnamon Bittern, but also Lesser Coucal, Collared Kingfisher, Striated Grassbird, and Pied Triller, which gave excellent views for the entire group. In the afternoon we found the gorgeous but introduced (from the Philippines) Blue-naped Parrot, together with several Green Imperial-Pigeons.

We left the city of Kota Kinabalu behind us and headed towards Mt. Kinabalu and the Kinabalu National Park by way of the Crocker Range National Park. During the drive up to the top of this
mountain range, we stopped to stretch our legs and were welcomed by the first primate: Long-tailed Macaque, which was accompanied by a group of striking Chestnut-crested Yuhinas, our first endemic. When we arrived on top, loads of calls surrounded us, and soon one of the main targets of the tour flew by—the enigmatic Whitehead’s Spiderhunter. This striking bird flew by quite a few times, but failed to perch for us. We had more luck with the Brown and Mountain barbets, Bornean Bulbul, and Bornean Leafbird (all endemics), who all showed themselves in the scope, some longer than others. At the Rafflesia center, Oriental Honey-buzzard and Blyth’s Hawk-Eagle soared over while a Black-and-crimson Oriole was scoped. After lunch in an authentic Malay café we birded a wonderful spot where White-throated Fantail, Gray-chinned Minivet, Bornean Green-Magpie, Ashy Bulbul, Mountain Warbler, Yellow-breasted Warbler, and Little Pied Flycatcher all revealed themselves at close distances. In the evening we arrived at our luxurious lodges which overlooked Mt. Kinabalu, the highest mountain between the Himalayas and the Snow Mountains of New Guinea; we stayed here for three nights.

In the Kinabalu National Park our aim was to see most of the mountain endemics, as all places visited after would be in the lowlands. As in most mountain-birding, you visit different gradations of altitude, which render different species, as is the case here on Borneo. During our two full days of birding we visited several places over and over again, which every time gave new or better views of the birds present. At the foot of the mountain, where our lodges were located, we had first-rate views of Bornean Whistling-Thrush, Bornean Green-Magpie, Bornean Whistler, Hair-crested Drongo, Gray-throated Babbler, noisy Chestnut-hooded

Some Indigo Flycatchers (Eumyias indigo) proved very photogenic. © Machiel Valkenburg
Laughingthrushes, and the superb looking Yellow-breasted Warbler. In the middle section of the mountain we visited several dark trails and birded along the main road up. Some trails proved very interesting and others very silent. We had amazing views of a Bornean Stubtail, which came in very close at a distance of four feet; on the same trail we also stood eye-to-eye with a Crimson-headed Partridge! At a small stream we flushed a Bornean Forktail. In this thick forest we found the beautiful Checker-throated Woodpecker, Common Flameback, Indigo Flycatcher, and exquisitely-colored Gray-chinned Minivet.

Several of the best birds of the trip were found here; it started with A-class views of a female Fruit-hunter followed by a couple of Whitehead’s Broadbills. These poison-green birds gave walkaway views to everybody’s content; what an amazing bird! Wow! In the early morning this is the place to search for Everett’s Thrush, which we naturally did, and we succeeded cum laude! For about 20 minutes we watched a bird feed along the road at a distance of about 40 feet. It was accompanied by a male Orange-headed Thrush, which is less rare but very attractive. At the end of the main road true montane forest commences at ca. 9,000 feet. In the past it was possible to climb further up, visiting the subalpine area, above the tree-line, but since last year’s earthquake accident with a group of mountaineers it has been closed. At this altitude we found many endemics like the Golden-naped Barbet, which gave outstandingly good views while it was feeding on a small tree. The endemic Pale-faced Bulbul perched for us and showed itself magnificently while a small group of Mountain Black-eyes and Temminck’s Sunbirds fed in the top of a high tree. After hearing of a flowering Rafflesia near Poring Hot Springs, we decided to make a visit. We were lucky to find a flowing plant, as they only flower for about five days in a cycle of six years! The flower was fresh and flowered for the second day. At Poring we did some
birding and found many Gray-rumped Treeswifts, Silver-rumped Needletail, a single Waterfall Swift, and a Crested Jay that was heard only.

We ended our days in the mountains and departed for the Sepilok Forest Reserve, which is undoubtedly one of the very best lowland forests of Borneo. We all enjoyed our two-night stay in the delightful Sepilok Nature Resort very much. While enjoying our flavorful meals we also were able to continue birding. Here we found Oriental Pied Hornbill, Stork-billed Kingfisher, and many Glossy Swiftlets. Sepilok is famous for its Orangutan rehabilitation center and for having an amazing canopy walkway. On the first morning we came across a female Orangutan with a two-year-old child. The impact of this meeting on our group was enormous, as several of us had this mammal high on our wish-lists. The young Orangutan was very curious about all those people with binoculars and did not lose sight of us while his mother carried him away to safer heights. On the avifaunal side we did well with viewings of Red-naped Trogon, Black-and-yellow Broadbill, White-bellied Erpornis, and Black-capped Babbler. Birding at the carpark was more than splendid with viewings of Plain, Red-throated, Crimson, and Olive-backed sunbirds and Long-billed and Spectacled spiderhunters all at close range. An evening walk produced no less than three species of Flying Squirrel (Black, Thomas’s, and Red Giant) and a sleeping Hooded Pitta!

Next we headed for Sukau and the Kinabatangan River area by way of the Gomantong Caves Forest Reserve where we enjoyed watching millions of bats emerge and be hunted by a Blyth’s Hawk-Eagle, Crested Serpent-Eagle, and an extraordinary Bat Hawk. In Sukau we explored the
forest-lined creeks by boat, and this gave us close-up views of several interesting riverine species such as Diard’s Trogon, Rufous-backed Dwarf-Kingfisher, Blue-eared Kingfisher, the endemic White-fronted Falconet, Dusky Broadbill, Bold-striped Tit-Babbler, White-chested Babbler, and Malaysian Blue-Flycatcher. Common birds included Buffy Fish-Owl, White-bellied Sea-Eagle, Brahminy Kite, Blue-throated Bee-eater, and Ashy Tailorbird. One of the rarest birds seen during this trip was right here at the largest river of Borneo. We saw two individuals of the endangered Storm’s Stork perched in a dead tree. Birdlife International estimates the count at 260–330 mature individuals. In addition to good birds we also enjoyed the fantastic service of the Sukau Rainforest Lodge where the dinners overlooking the river will remain in our memories forever. Another group of birds worth mentioning are the hornbills. On the best day in Sukau we saw no less than seven species of hornbills (Helmeted, Rhinoceros, Bushy-crested, Black, Oriental Pied, Wreathed, and Wrinkled). Just before dusk the Proboscis Monkeys searched for places to sleep along the river, giving us fantastic views of this weird-looking primate.

The Rhinoceros Hornbill was seen almost daily in the lowlands. © Machiel Valkenburg

The next part of the tour can surely be called the “dessert” of our trip. We visited the Danum Valley and had a lot of time to explore it thoroughly; for five nights this was our home. Around the Borneo Rainforest Lodge, which is arguably the best lodge in all of Asia, we found loads of interesting trails, all having their own specialties. During every evening we made either a night-walk or night-drive in search of birds or mammals. On the grassy fields near the staff quarters,
The gorgeous Crested Fireback was seen fleeing away from us. Bob was very fortunate to come across a male just outside of his lodge. We walked several trails in search of the jungle jewels of this world: pittas! We were lucky to have excellent views of a male Blue-headed Pitta, which came in shortly after calling it. The Black-crowned Pitta was seen by a few and needed much more work; this fantastic skulker always stayed in dark scrub and revealed itself on a few occasions, showing a little of its colorful plumage. While searching for pittas we were very fortunate to get looks at a female Great Argus crossing the road; a perched Spotted Fantail showed wonderfully as well. Large groups of babblers and bulbuls are always interesting, and sometimes they came really close, giving us the opportunity to study them well. The river is also full of life; an Oriental Small-clawed Otter was hunting and gave a little show, which all of us enjoyed. The taxonomically interesting Great-billed Heron was present as well, together with a couple of Straw-headed Bulbuls and Plaintive Cuckoos that were foraging on the wet fields along the river. In the garden of the lodge, the Rufous-tailed Tailorbird was common, as were the Yellow-breasted, Yellow-rumped, and Orange-bellied flowerpeckers. Sometimes we found the endemic Streaky-breasted Spiderhunter as well, foraging together with the flowerpeckers; all are so colorful! Around the lodge we saw several Orangutans, Maroon Langur, and a family of Long-tailed Macaques. In the mornings we heard the calls of the Bornean Gibbon several times; unfortunately we were unable to locate them.

This fresh flowering Rafflesia was found near Poring Hot Springs; this one measured around 26 inches! © Machiel Valkenburg
One of the main reasons to visit the Danum Valley is the high chance of coming across the delightful Bornean Bristlehead. We had the good fortune of meeting a small flock of these birds. After hearing the call of a Black Magpie, we decided to play for the Bristlehead. These birds are known to flock up together during a feeding frenzy, and that was the case this time. Soon after playing the song, the first of this magnificent species appeared right above us, giving quick but unsatisfying looks. The group moved towards the main road, and so did we. We quickly found them again on the main road where we excitedly scoped one perched bird, giving all of us extended views of the most sought after species of Borneo!

The endemic Proboscis Monkey sleeps on branches hanging over the river; when attacked he attempts to drown his attacker! © Machiel Valkenburg
On our last morning in the park we headed out for the park entrance where loads of birds were actively feeding on the many moths available. We found a Black-eared Barbet, which gave very satisfying scope looks, and at the same moment a Banded Broadbill was discovered. In the next tree a Black-and-red Broadbill showed well in the morning light. In the top of a dipterocarp tree we found a pair of Scarlet Minivets feeding; they moved rather quickly and unfortunately we were unable to scope them for all. Two Black Eagles soared over while a White-fronted Falconet dug down from his post to catch a giant Atlas Moth; what an amazing end to an amazing tour!

The highlights of the evening activities were, for sure, the very close Large and Gould’s frogmouths, the many sightings of Brown Wood-Owl, the intriguing Barred Eagle-Owl, the rare and tiny Western Tarsier, and the sighting of a foraging Small-toothed Palm Civet.

We left the Danum Valley and drove to the small airport of Lahad Datu where a one-hour domestic flight brought us back to Kota Kinabalu. After a lovely farewell dinner, we all said our goodbyes and made our way back home!
TOP 5 BIRDS/MAMMALS OF THE TOUR:

1. Bornean Bristlehead  Danum Valley
2. Bornean Orangutan  Sepilok, Kinabatangan River, Danum Valley
3. Whitehead’s Broadbill  Mt. Kinabalu
4. Rhinoceros Hornbill  Sepilok, Kinabatangan River, Danum Valley
5. Proboscis Monkey  Kinabatangan River

A VERY INTERESTING POEM WRITTEN BY ONE OF THE PARTICIPANTS:

The primates are the top of the tree
Because they are closest to you and me
   The orang is big, not wee
   And the proboscis is a tad ugly.

The birds are colorful and also noisy
And Adrian can distinguish them, not me!
   While Machiel is able to see them easily.
   The pygmy kingfisher is unique for me to see,
   The scarlet minivet is red for he and yellow for she
   As the indigo flycatcher is not hunting a bee.
It is a pity that most of the pittas were not seen by me.
The hornbills, trogons, and bristlehead also appeal to me
   But I already exceeded my quota by 3.
**BIRDS:** This Checklist order, and common and scientific names are those given by James F. Clements in *The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World*, 6th Edition, Cornell University Press, with all current updates. Possible or debated species splits and alternative Common and Scientific names (particularly those of the Oriental Bird Club) are given in ( ) or included in heavily bordered boxes. (I) = introduced species. (E) = Endemic.

**MAMMALS:** The mammals listed are a preliminary list of all the mammals (except for most bats, rats and shrews) that have been recorded in the areas we plan to visit during the course of the VENT tour. This list in no way implies a likelihood of seeing any of these mammals but more an indication of the rich diversity of mammals to be found in the areas we will visit.

**BIRDS:**

**Pheasants, Grouse & Allies**
- Red-breasted Partridge: *Arborophila hyperythra* heard only
- Chestnut-necklaces Partridge: *Arborophila charltonii* heard only
- Great Argus: *Argusianus argus*
- Crimson-headed Partridge: *Haematortyx sanguiniceps*
- Crested Fireback: *Lophura ignita*

**Storks**
- Storm’s Stork: *Ciconia stormi*

**Anhingas**
- Oriental Darter: *Anhinga melanogaster*

**Heron, Egrets & Bitterns**
- Yellow Bittern: *Ixobrychus sinensis*
- Cinnamon Bittern: *Ixobrychus cinnamomeus*
- Great-billed Heron: *Ardea sumatrana*
- Purple Heron: *Ardea cinerea*
- Intermediate Egret: *Mesophoyx intermedia*
- Little Egret: *Egretta garzetta*
- Cattle Egret (Eastern Cattle Egret): *Bubulcus ibis (coromandus)*
- Javan Pond-Heron: *Ardeola speciose*
- Striated (Little) Heron: *Butorides striata*

**Hawks, Eagles & Kites**
- Black-shouldered (-winged) Kite: *Elanus caeruleus*
- Oriental Honey-buzzard: *Pernis ptilorhynchus*
- Crested Serpent-Eagle: *Spilornis cheela*
- Bathawk: *Macheiramphus alcinus*
- Blyth’s Hawk-Eagle: *Nisaetus alboniger*
Wallace’s Hawk-Eagle  
Black Eagle  
Brahminy Kite  
White-bellied Sea-Eagle  
Lesser Fish-Eagle  

**Wallace’s Hawk-Eagle**  
*Wallace’s Hawk-Eagle*  
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**Rails, Gallinules & Coots**  
White-breasted Waterhen  
Eurasian (Common) Coot  

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*White-breasted Waterhen*  
*Eurasian (Common) Coot*  

**Sandpipers & Allies**  
Common Sandpiper  
Wood Sandpiper  

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*Common Sandpiper*  
*Wood Sandpiper*  

**Pigeons & Doves**  
Rock (Feral) Pigeon  
Spotted Dove  
Little Cuckoo-Dove  
Emerald Dove  
Zebra Dove (I)  
Little Green-Pigeon  
Pink-necked (Green-) Pigeon  
Green Imperial Pigeon  
Mountain Imperial Pigeon  

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*Zebra Dove (I)*  
*Little Green-Pigeon*  
*Pink-necked (Green-) Pigeon*  
*Green Imperial Pigeon*  
*Mountain Imperial Pigeon*  

**Cuckoos**  
Indian Cuckoo  
Banded Bay Cuckoo  
Plaintive Cuckoo  
Little Bronze-Cuckoo  
Black-bellied Malkoha  
Raffles’s Malkoha  
Red-billed Malkoha  
Bornean Ground-Cuckoo (E)  
Greater Coucal  
Lesser Coucal  

**Cuckoos**  
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*Bornean Ground-Cuckoo (E)*  
*Greater Coucal*  
*Lesser Coucal*  

**Owls**  
Reddish Scops-Owl  
Barred Eagle-Owl  
Buffy Fish-Owl  
Brown Wood-Owl  

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*Reddish Scops-Owl*  
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*Brown Wood-Owl*  

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*Victor Emanuel Nature Tours*  
*12 Borneo, 2016*
### Brown Boobook
*Ninox scutulata*

### Frogmouths
- Large Frogmouth: *Batrachostomus auritus*
- Gould’s Frogmouth: *Batrachostomus stellatus*

### Swifts
- Silver-rumped Needletail: *Rhaphidura leucopygialis*
- Waterfall Swift: *Hydrochous gigas*
- Glossy Swiftlet: *Collocalia esculenta*
- Bornean Swiftlet: *Collocalia dodgei*
- House Swift: *Apus nipalensis*

### Treeswifts
- Gray-rumped Treeswift: *Hemiprocne longipennis*
- Whiskered Treeswift: *Hemiprocne comate*

### Trogons
- Red-naped Trogon: *Harpactes kasumba*
- Diard’s Trogon: *Harpactes diardii*
- Scarlet-rumped Trogon: *Harpactes duvaucelii*

### Hornbills
- Helmeted Hornbill: *Buceros vigil*
- Rhinoceros Hornbill: *Buceros rhinoceros*
- Bushy-crested Hornbill: *Anthracoceros galeritus*
- Black Hornbill: *Anorrhinus galeritus*
- Oriental Pied Hornbill: *Anthracoceros albirostris*
- Wreathed Hornbill: *Rhytoceros undulates*
- Wrinkled Hornbill: *Rhabdotorrhunis corrugatus*

### Kingfishers
- Blue-eared Kingfisher: *Alcedo meninting*
- Rufous-backed Dwarf-Kingfisher: *Ceyx rufidorsa*
- Stork-billed Kingfisher: *Pelargopsis capensis*
- Collared Kingfisher: *Todiramphus chloris*
- Rufous-collared Kingfisher: *Actenoides concretus*

### Bee-eaters
- Red-bearded Bee-eater: *Nyctyornis amictus*
- Blue-throated Bee-eater: *Merops viridis*

### Rollers
- Dollarbird: *Eurystomus orientalis*

### Asian Barbets
Brown Barbet (E)  Calorhmpus fuliginosus
Blue-Black-eared Barbet  Psilopogon duvaucelii
Bornean Barbet  Psilopogon eximia
Red-throated Barbet  Psilopogon mystacophanos
Golden-naped Barbet (E)  Psilopogon pulcherrima
Yellow-crowned Barbet  Psilopogon henricii
Mountain Barbet  Psilopogon monticola
Gold-faced Barbet  Psilopogon chrysops

Woodpeckers
Rufous Piculet  Sasia abnormis
White-bellied Woodpecker  Drycopus javensis
Checker-throated Woodpecker  Picus mentalis
Common Flameback  Dinopium javanense
Rufous Woodpecker  Micropterus brachyurus
Buff-rumped Woodpecker  Meiglyptes tristis
Buff-necked Woodpecker  Meiglyptes tukki
Maroon Woodpecker  Blythipicus rubiginosus

Falcans & Caracaras
White-fronted Falconet (E)  Microhierax latifrons
Peregrine Falcon  Falco peregrinus

Old World Parrots
Long-tailed Parakeet  Psittacula longicauda
Blue-naped Parrot (I)  Tanygnathus lucionensis
Blue-crowned Hanging-Parrot  Loriculus galgulus

African & Green Broadbills
Whitehead’s Broadbill  Calyptomena whiteheadi

Asian & Grauer’s Broadbills
Black-and-red Broadbill  Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchus
Banded Broadbill  Eurylaimus javanicus
Black-and-yellow Broadbill  Eurylaimus ochromalus
Dusky Broadbill  Corydon sumatranus

Pittas
Black-crowned Pitta (E)  Erythropitta ussheri
Blue-banded Pitta (E)  Erythropitta arquata
Bornean Banded-Pitta  Hydrornis schwameri
Blue-headed Pitta  Hydrornis baudii
Hooded Pitta  Pitta sordida

Vangas, Helmetshrikes & Allies
Bar-winged Flycatcher-shrike  Hemipus picatus

Victor Emanuel Nature Tours  14  Borneo, 2016
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<th>Black-winged Flycatcher-shrike</th>
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<td>Crested Jay</td>
<td><em>Platylophus galericulatus</em></td>
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Black Magpie
Bornean Green-Magpie (E)
Bornean Treepie (E)
Slender-billed Crow

Swallows
Pacific Swallow

Nuthatches
Velvet-fronted Nuthatch

Bulbs
Puff-backed Bulbul
Black-headed Bulbul
Straw-headed Bulbul
Bornean (Black-crested) Bulbul (E)
Gray-bellied Bulbul
Flavescent Bulbul
(Pale-faced Bulbul) (E)
Yellow-vented Bulbul
Cream-vented Bulbul
Red-eyed Bulbul
Spectacled Bulbul
Hairy-backed Bulbul
Ochraceous Bulbul
Gray-cheeked Bulbul
Yellow-bellied Bulbul
Buff-vent Bulbul
Ashy Bulbul
(Cinereous Bulbul)

Bush-Warblers & Allies
Bornean Stubtail
Mountain Tailorbird
Sunda Bush-Warbler

Leafwarblers
Mountain Warbler
Yellow-breasted Warbler

Grassbirds & Allies
Striated Grassbird

Cistocolas & Allies
Dark-necked Tailorbird
Ashy Tailorbird

Swallows
Hirundinidae
Hirundo tahitica

Nuthatches
Sittidae
Sitta frontalis

Bulbs
Pycnonotidae
Pycnonotus eutilotus
Pycnonotus atriceps
Pycnonotus zeylanicus
Pycnonotus montis
Pycnonotus cyaniventris
Pycnonotus flavescens
(Pycnonotus flavescens leucops)
Pycnonotus goiavier
Pycnonotus simplex
Pycnonotus bruneus
Pycnonotus erythroptalmus
Tricholestes ciniger
Alophoixus ochraceus
Alophoixus bres
Alophoixus phaeocephalus
Lole olivacea
Hemixos flavala
H. flavala cinereus

Bush-Warblers & Allies
Cettidae
Urasphena whiteheadi
Phyllergates cucullatus
Horornis vulcania

Leafwarblers
Phylloscopidae
Phylloscopus trivirgatus
Seicercus montis

Grassbirds & Allies
Locustellidae
Megalurus palustris

Cistocolas & Allies
Cisticolidae
Orthotomus atrogularis
Orthotomus ruficeps
Rufous-tailed Tailorbird Orthotomus sericeus
Yellow-bellied Prinia Prinia flaviventris

White-eyes, Yuhinas & Allies Zosteropidae
Chestnus-crested Yuhina (E) Yuhina everetti
Pygmy White-eye (E) Oculocincta squamifrons
Mountain Black-eye (E) Chlorocharis emiliae
Black-capped White-eye Zosteraeops atricapilla

Tree-, Scimitar-Babblers & Allies Timaliidae
Bold-striped Tit-Babbler Mixornis bornensis
Chestnut-winged Babbler Cyanoderma erythropterum
Chestnut-backed Scimitar Babbler Pomatorhinus montanus
Chestnut-rumped Babbler Stachyris maculate
Gray-throated Babbler Stachyris poliocephala

Ground Babblers & Allies Pellorneidae
Moustached Babbler Malacopteron magnirostre
Sooty-capped Babbler Malacopteron affine
Scaly-crowned Babbler Malacopteron cinereum
Rufous-crowned Babbler Malacopteron magnum
Black-capped Babbler Pellorneum capistratum
Temminck’s Babbler Pellorneum pyrrogenys
White-chested Babbler Pellorneum rostratum
Ferruginous Babbler Pellorneum bicolor
Striped Wren-Babbler Kenopia striata
Bornean Wren-Babbler (E) Ptilocichla leucogrammica heard only
Mountain Wren-Babbler (E) Turdinus crassus

Laughingthrushes & Allies Leiothrichidae
Brown Fulvetta Alcippe brunneicauda
Chestnut-hooded Laughingthrush (E) Ianthocincla treachery

Fairy-bluebirds Irenidae
Asian Fairy-bluebird Irena puella

Old World Flycatchers Muscicapidae
Dark-sided Flycatcher Muscicapa sibirica
Asian Brown Flycatcher Muscicapa latirostris
Oriental Magpie-Robin Copsychus saularis
Rufous-tailed Shama Copsychus pyrropygus
White-rumped Shama Copsychus malabaricus
(White-crowned Shama) (E) Cyornis caeruleus
Long-billed Blue-Flycatcher Cyornis turcosus
Malaysian Blue-Flycatcher Cyornis superbus
Bornean Blue-Flycatcher (E)
Gray-chested Jungle-Flycatcher  
Indigo Flycatcher  
Verditer Flycatcher  
Eye-browed Jungle-Flycatcher  
White-browed Shortwing  
Bornean Whistling-Thrush  
White-crowned Forktail  
(Cornean Forktail)  
Chestnut-naped Forktail  
Snowy-browed Flycatcher  
Little Pied Flycatcher  
Rufous-chested Flycatcher  
Ferruginous Flycatcher  

**Cyornis umbratilis**  
**Eumyias indigo**  
**Eumyias thalassinus**  
**Vauriella gularis**  
**Brachypteryx montana**  
**Myophonus borneensis**  
**Enicurus lechenaullia**  
**(E. lechenaullia borneensis)**  
**Enicurus ruficapillis**  
**Ficedula hyperythra**  
**Ficedula westermanni**  
**Ficedula dumetoria**  
**Muscicapa ferruginea**

**Gray-chested Jungle-Flycatcher  
Indigo Flycatcher  
Verditer Flycatcher  
Eye-browed Jungle-Flycatcher  
White-browed Shortwing  
Bornean Whistling-Thrush  
White-crowned Forktail  
(Cornean Forktail)  
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**Ficedula hyperythra**  
**Ficedula westermanni**  
**Ficedula dumetoria**  
**Muscicapa ferruginea**

**Thrushes & Allies**  
Orange-headed Thrush  
Everett’s Thrush (E)  
Fruit-hunter (E)  

**Geokickla citrina**  
**Zoothera everetti**  
**Chlamydochaera jefferyi**

**Starlings**  
Asian Glossy Starling  
Common Hill Myna  
Common Myna  
Javan Myna  
Crested Myna (I)  

**Aplonis panayensis**  
**Gracula religiosa**  
**Acroderos tristis**  
**Acroderos javanicus**  
**Acroderos cristatellus**

**Leafbirds**  
Greater Green Leafbird  
Lesser Green Leafbird  
Bornean Leafbird (E)  

**Chloropsis sonnerati**  
**Chloropsis cyanopogon**  
**Chloropsis kinabaluensis**

**Flowerpeckers**  
Yellow-breasted Flowerpecker  
Yellow-rumped flowerpecker (E)  
Orange-bellied flowerpecker  
Black-sided Flowerpecker  
Scarlet-backed flowerpecker  

**Prionochilis maculatus**  
**Prionochilis xanthopygius**  
**Dicaeum trigonostigma**  
**Dicaeum monticolum**  
**Dicaeum cruentatum**

**Sunbirds & Spiderhunters**  
Ruby-cheeked Sunbird  
Plain Sunbird  
Red-throated Sunbird  
Purple-throated Sunbird  
Gilvered Sunbird  
Temminck’s Sunbird  
Crimson Sunbird  

**Chalcoparia (Anthreptes) singalensis**  
**Anthreptes simplex**  
**Anthreptes rhodolaemus**  
**Leptocoma (Nectarina) sperata**  
**Cinnyris (Nectarina) jugularis**  
**Aethopyga temminckii**  
**Aethopyga siparaja**

**Turidae**  
**Zoothera everetti**  
**Chlamydochaera jefferyi**

**Sturnidae**  
**Aplonis panayensis**  
**Gracula religiosa**  
**Acroderos tristis**  
**Acroderos javanicus**  
**Acroderos cristatellus**

**Chloropseidae**  
**Chloropsis sonnerati**  
**Chloropsis cyanopogon**  
**Chloropsis kinabaluensis**

**Dicaeidae**  
**Prionochilis maculatus**  
**Prionochilis xanthopygius**  
**Dicaeum trigonostigma**  
**Dicaeum monticolum**  
**Dicaeum cruentatum**

**Nectariniidae**  
**Chalcoparia (Anthreptes) singalensis**  
**Anthreptes simplex**  
**Anthreptes rhodolaemus**  
**Leptocoma (Nectarina) sperata**  
**Cinnyris (Nectarina) jugularis**  
**Aethopyga temminckii**  
**Aethopyga siparaja**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bird Species</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-billed Spiderhunter</td>
<td>Arachnothera robusta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Spiderhunter</td>
<td>Arachnothera longirostra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitehead’s Spiderhunter (E)</td>
<td>Arachnothera juliae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spectacled Spiderhunter</td>
<td>Arachnothera flavigaster</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streaky-breasted Spiderhunter</td>
<td>Arachnothera affinis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wagtails &amp; Pipits</strong></td>
<td>Motacillidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray Wagtail</td>
<td>Motacilla cinerea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Old World Sparrow</strong></td>
<td>Passeridae</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tree Sparrow</td>
<td>Passer montanus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Waxbills &amp; Allies</strong></td>
<td>Estrildidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dusky Munia (E)</td>
<td>Lonchura fuscans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scaly-breasted Munia (I)</td>
<td>Lonchura punctulata</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chestnut Munia</td>
<td>Lonchura atricapilla</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MAMMALS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mammal Species</th>
<th>Family</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tree Shrews</strong></td>
<td>Tupaiidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Treesheń</td>
<td>Tupaia glis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Colugos (Flying Lemurs)</strong></td>
<td>Cynocephalidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malayan Colugo</td>
<td>Cynocephalus variegatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tarsiers</strong></td>
<td>Tarsiidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western Tarsier (E)</td>
<td>Tarsius bancanus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Old World Monkeys</strong></td>
<td>Cercopithecidae</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maroon Langus (E)</td>
<td>Presbytis rubicunda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silvered Langur</td>
<td>Presbytis cristata</td>
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<tr>
<td>Proposcs Monkey (E)</td>
<td>Nasalis larvatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-tailed Macaque</td>
<td>Macaca fascicularis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Southern Pig-tailed Macaque</td>
<td>Macaca nemistrina</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Primates</strong></td>
<td>Hylobatidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bornean Gibbon (E)</td>
<td>Hylobates muelleri</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Primates</strong></td>
<td>Pongidae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bornean Orang-Utan (E)</td>
<td>Pongo pygmaeus</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Squirrels</strong></td>
<td>Sciuridae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pale Giant Squirrel</td>
<td>Ratufa affinus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prevost’s Squirrel</td>
<td>Callosciurus prevostii</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinabalu Squirrel (E)</td>
<td>Callosciurus baluensis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Plantain Squirrel  
Borean Black-banded Squirrel (E)  
Jentink’s Squirrel (E)  
Borean Mntn. Ground Squirrel (E)  
Plain Pigmy Squirrel (E)  
Black Flying Squirrel  
Thomas’ Flying Squirrel (E)  
Red Giant Flying Squirrel

**Plantain Squirrel**  
**Callosciurus notatus**

**Borean Black-banded Squirrel (E)**  
**Callosciurus orestes**

**Jentink’s Squirrel (E)**  
**Sundasciurus jentinki**

**Borean Mntn. Ground Squirrel (E)**  
**Dremomys everetti**

**Plain Pigmy Squirrel (E)**  
**Exilisciurus exilis**

**Black Flying Squirrel**  
**Aeromys tephromelas**

**Thomas’ Flying Squirrel (E)**  
**Aeromys thomasi**

**Red Giant Flying Squirrel**  
**Petaurista petaurista**

**Martens, Weasels, Badgers**  
**Mustelidae**

**Malay Weasel**  
**Mustela nudipes**

**Civets, Genets & kin**  
**Viverridae**

**Common Palm Civet**  
**Paradoxurus hermaphroditus**

**Small-toothed Palm Civet**  
**Arctogalidia trivirgata**

**Elephants**  
**Elephantidae**

**Bornean Pygmy Elephant (E)**  
**Elaphas borneensis**

**Pigs**  
**Suidae**

**Bearded Pig**  
**Sus barbatus**

**Deer**  
**Cervidae**

**Lesser Mouse Deer**  
**Tragulus javanicus**

**Barking Deer**  
**Muntiacus muntjac**  
heard only

**Sambar Deer**  
**Cervus unicolor**

**OTHER WILDLIFE:**

**Butterflies & Moths**

**Atlas Moth**  
**Attacus atlas**

**Giant Uraniid Moth**  
**Lyssa Menoetius**

**Rajah Brooke’s Birdwing**  
**Trogonoptera brookiana**

**Golden Birdwing**  
**Troides amphrysus flavicollis**

**Malay Lacewing**  
**Cethosia hypsea**

**Common Tree Nymph**  
**Idea stolli**

**The Dark Veined Jay**  
**Graphium bathycles**

**The Cruiser**  
**Vindula dejone**

**Striped Ringlet**  
**Ragadia makuta**

**Fruhstorfer’s Silverline**  
**Spindasis seliga**

**Yam Hawk Moth**  
**Theretra nessus**

**Reptiles**

**Saltwater (Estuarine) Crocodile**  
**Crocodylus porosus**

**Crested Green Lizard**  
**Bronchodecta cristatella**

**Yoshi’s Bent-toed Gecko**  
**Crytodactylyus yoshii**
Asian House Gecko
Hemidactylus frenatus

Water Monitor Lizard
Varanus salvator